

UK Hydrographic Office

Data and the future of navigation & UK Maritime Policy update.

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We are a trading fund of the MOD

We operate as a self-funded organisation to fulfil our public task:

- Providing operational support to Defence
- Supporting the Maritime & Coastguard Agency's obligations to the SOLAS treaty
- Ensuring UK hydrographic data is accurate and up-to-date
- Providing expert advice on hydrography and marine geospatial information









We need to keep adapting to meet the future needs for digital navigation

ADMIRALTY

e-Nautical Publications



The most comprehensive Electronic Navigational Chart (ENC) coverage available



AENP



Computer-based applications of the UKHO's market-leading, paper-based Nautical Publications



We make these...



In summary

...for these...



...to help prevent this!





But what about MASS?





Degrees of autonomy

- Ship with automated processes and decision support (most likely to be a conventional ship): seafarers are on board to operate and control shipboard systems and functions. Some operations may be automated.
- Remotely controlled ship with seafarers onboard: the ship is controlled and operated from another location, but seafarers are on board (which would include a Periodically Unmanned Ship and a ship with a Periodically Unmanned Bridge).
- Remotely controlled ship without seafarers on **board:** the ship is controlled and operated from another location. There are no seafarers onboard.
- Fully autonomous ship: the operating system of the ship is able to make decisions and determine actions by itself.





Focus on platforms

- Spoke to operators little thought on navigational data!
- Focus is on sensor technology (sense and avoid)
- Colreg algorithms
- Forward looking sonar
- Where is the need for data?





Current Charts not fit for purpose for fully Autonomous Vessel navigation

Charts (ENCs) are still fundamentally designed to be viewed and interpreted by a human being

Charts are a subjective cartographic representation of the real world

Charts suffer from data inconsistencies

Charts suffer from horizontal inconsistencies

A lot of contextual information is captured in text notes (SDs, PAGs, text notes etc)

S-57 (ENC data standard) is not extensible





Current charting



10. Speed Regulations: Consistent with safe navigation, vessels drawing 6.0m or over must not exceed a speed over the ground of 7 kn when approaching or passing the Fawley Marine Terminal, or the BP Hamble Terminal. Other vessels should not pass the terminal at excessive speed. Vessels passing the Fawley Marine Terminal and the BP Hamble Terminal should not navigate closer than 130 m from the face of the jetties in order to protect vessels alongside, to guard against the interaction between vessels and to prevent the risk of naked lights within these areas. There is a speed limit of 6 kn in the area north of a line joining Hythe Pier (50°52'.49N 1°23'.60W) and Weston Shelf Light Buoy, 3 cables NE.



Current charting

APPENDIX I

Speed Limits in Certain Areas

- 10.(1) Except as provided for in paragraph (2) below no vessel shall exceed a speed of 10 knots through the water north of 50° 20′.0 North (the latitude of Plymouth Breakwater) or any waters of the Dockyard Port within 400 metres of the shore, save with a licence in writing signed by the Queen's Harbour Master.
 - (2) Vessel; s under 15 metres in length overall may exceed the speed limit specified in paragraph (1) above in the following areas:
 - (a) Such waters of the Dockyard Port that are outside 400 metres from the shore and in the access lane for water skiers and jet-skiers which is bounded to the east by the line joining Fisher's Nose to the western extremity of Mount Batten Breakwater, and bounded to the west by the line joining the western extremity of the Royal Plymouth Corinthian Yacht Club to the West Mallard Buoy;
 - (b) water skiing Areas shown on current Admiralty charts;
 - (c) Such other areas of the Dockyard Port as the Queen's Harbour Master shall from time to time determine <u>and publi</u>sh as a local Notices to Mariners.
 - (3) No vessel within the Dockyard Port shall exceed a speed of 8 knots through the water to the east of a line drawn from Fishers Nose to the western end of Mount Batten Breakwater, save with a licence in writing signed by the Queen's He oour Master and where authorised in accordance with paragraph (2) (b) above.
 - (4) No vessel within the Dockyard Port shall exceed a speed of 4 knots brough the water in the approaches to Sutton Harbour north of a line drawn due east from Fishers Nose sale with a licence in writing signed by the Queen's Harbour Master.
 - (5) No vessel shall exceed a speed of 4 knots through the water in designated Bathing Areas shown on current Admiralty charts.
 - (6) No vessel shall exceed a speed of 4 knots through the water in designated Diving Areas shown on current Admiralty charts.



DfT T-TRIG Funding

- Joint bid £30k T-TRIG funding to scope out the problem and recommend potential navigational product of the future
- Output will be a report and presentation to DfT
- Aim to raise awareness of issue
- Lead to more funding to prototype our recommendations with industry

Department for Transport





Maritime & Coastguard Agency



The future of navigation







The future of navigation





The future of navigation



View (st.Lat 15'50'865 Long 178'24'22E scorox) Konkey Raivakarube Uluit















Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)



Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)





Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)

- Identify barriers and challenges
- Explore how the MCA could regulate MASS in UK waters
- Explore use of data to support industry development











Maritime & Coastguard Agency

Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)



MARLab: Data



Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)

- Identify data requirements
- Explore use of Government data to support MASS
- Evaluate uses of data and implications for regulation





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API

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Status

Green

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Data Set Uuid

No records to display

Data Set Uuid

Messages about the data sources.

MariTrace

MARLab Portal



Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab) Data Source Health The overall status of the data sources. This data will automatically refresh in 55 seconds. Tide Data Set Name d666d25f-b549-4712-b202-1f91b8b95dc8 AIS Chart d1db1a39-5a8a-4551-9646-5b910e9c95c9 Tide Station 0033 7116cce3-a36a-434e-b8a4-e20dd582fb93 Vessel Arrivals b195f749-24ff-4f84-afe4-10f35393bda4 Vessel Expected Arrivals Wind 39ca4632-b809-4793-b958-77578de0f38e Vessel Expected Sailings 59eb45cd-9314-4318-bcda-d5330026bb0e Vessels In Port 2ae705b3-266a-47ef-9c8f-9370a54d5091 Weather Forecast Ship Movements b2c57471-d648-4c48-9c1e-f3113f5736a5 Wind Station GBR00005 630ac194-f914-442c-a5e7-286e6b1302cc Wind Station GBR00006 AIS Data Set Name Affected period start (UTC)

Rows whose text in the left-most column (the "Status" column) is "Green" indicates that the data set is operating w

Rows whose text in the left-most column (the "Status" column) is "Amber" indicates that the data set is experiencin



MARLab Portal





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"DateTo": "2020-01-07T11:58:38.6547443+00:00"

application/xml, text/>

Sample:

(DetaSetHodels.TimePeriod xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XHLSchema-instance" xmlns="http://schemas.detacontract.org/2004/07/HCACore"> CDateFrom>2020-01-07711:58:38.6547443+00:00c/DateFrom>

- <DateTo>2020-01-07T11:58:38.6547443+00:00</DateTo>
- </DataSetHodels.TimePeriod>







Maritime Autonomy Regulation Lab (MARLab)

What are the current data problems and gaps for MASS?

What do you see as the future data needs for MASS?